Products classifications

1. Analgesics/opioids
   1. Analgesics are medications that relieve pain, they are sometimes called painkillers or pain relievers. Used to relieve chronic pain such as [arthritis](https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/12061-arthritis), cancer or [back pain](https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/16869-chronic-back-pain), aches , menstrual cramps or muscle soreness and injury, such as a fractured bone
2. Hypertensive
   1. Drugs that help regulate blood pressure
3. Antiarrhythmics
   1. Antiarrhythmics are used to prevent more serious and possibly lethal arrhythmias from occurring. They are used to decrease or increase conduction velocity alter the excitability of cardiac cells by changing the duration of the effective refractory period
4. Anticoagulants
   1. Anticoagulants are **a group of medications that decrease your blood's ability to clot**.

Anticoagulants are extremely effective in preventing life-threatening conditions like stroke, pulmonary embolism and heart attack.

1. Steroids
   1. refer to man-made medicines. The two main types are corticosteroids and anabolic-androgenic steroids
2. Antifungal
   1. Antifungal drugs are medications that are used to treat [fungal infections](https://www.healthline.com/health/fungal-infection)

Antifungal drugs are used to directly killing fungal cells or prevent fungal cells from growing and thriving

1. Antihistamines
   1. Antihistamines are a class of drugs commonly used to treat symptoms of [allergies](https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/8610-allergy-overview). These drugs help treat conditions caused by too much histamine, a chemical created by your body’s immune system. Antihistamines are used to treat a variety of other conditions such as stomach problems, colds, anxiety and more
2. Antacids
   1. **Antacids are medicines that counteract (neutralise) the acid in your stomach to relieve indigestion and heartburn.**Antacids are used to help in [indigestion](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/indigestion/)[heartburn or acid reflux](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/heartburn-and-acid-reflux/) – also known as gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GORD)a [stomach ulcer](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/stomach-ulcer/) [gastritis](https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/gastritis/) (inflammation of the stomach lining)
3. Hypoglycemics
   1. hypoglycemics are anti-diabetic drugs designed to help people who are diabetic to manage their condition. Divided into four classes Sulfonylureas ,Metformin,Thiazolidinediones,Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
4. Antiemetics
   1. Antiemetics are drugs prescribed to help with nausea and vomiting that are side effects of other drugs used to help those with nausea caused by motion sickness morning sickness during pregnancy severe cases of the stomach flu (gastroenteritis) and other infection

Quotes

*My pharmacy’s primary ingredients are water, air, and cleanliness.*

*When you can, always laugh. It’s a low-cost drug.*